



SECTION SES 26 – 731 B	FMC TECHNOLOGIES
ISSUE "A", REV "0"	Doc. No. REV "
EFF. DATE: 20.11.2009	Page 1 of 4

**APPLICATION OF ZINC PLATING TO CARBON AND  
LOW ALLOY STEELS**

## **1.0 SCOPE**

- 1.1 This Specification covers the application and/or process to obtain steel surface plating with reduced galling characteristics, improved adherence of petroleum based lubricants (rust preventatives).

## **2.0 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA**

- 2.1 The plating vendor is responsible for compliance with this technical data sheet. Manager QC is responsible for compliance of this specification through regular audits at the vendor.
- 2.2 Zinc plating's produced in accordance with this Specification shall be in the range of **5.0 to 16.0 gm/ft<sup>2</sup>**. The thickness of the plating should be approximately **0.008 to 0.025 mm** within this weight range. The weight and thickness of the applied plating will vary and will be dependent upon the alloy content of the steel.
- 2.3 Surface Appearance: The Zinc plating shall be even and continuous over the entire surface of the part.
  - 2.3.1 Unless otherwise specified on the drawing or router, the entire surface of the part shall be zinc plated. After plating, the part shall be examined by the plating personnel to verify that all surfaces are coated, including holes and cavities.
  - 2.3.2 The zinc plated surfaces will not normally appear as smooth as the original metal surfaces prior to the plating process.
  - 2.3.3 Any plated surfaces which have rusty spots following completion of the process shall be reprocessed through the entire plating system.
  - 2.3.4 Residue forming a roughened or crinkled surface shall be cause for reprocessing.
  - 2.3.5 Smut, blotchiness, or loose plating on the surface shall be cause for reprocessing.
  - 2.3.6 Parts that have been re-machined, butted, or sanded shall be reprocessed.



### **3.0 PLATING QUALIFICATION**

3.1 The inspections for plating qualification shall be performed by NOV Sara Quality Control. Qualification records shall be maintained to support the quality of the plating.

3.1.1 **Plating Weight:** The weight of the applied plating shall be determined by using test specimens having a minimum surface area of four square inches and a maximum of fifty square inches. ASTM B-767 shall be used for the chemical strip.

3.1.1.1 The plating weight shall be determined using the following formula:

$$\text{Wt. } \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{ft}^2} = \frac{\text{Initial Plated Specimen Wt. (mg)} - \text{Final Stripped Specimen Wt. (mg)}}{\text{Total Specimen Area (ft}^2\text{)}}$$

3.1.1.2 The minimum acceptable weight shall be 5.0 gm / ft<sup>2</sup>.

3.1.2 **Plating Thickness:** The plating thickness shall be determined by using a specimen of known dimensions, measured prior to plating.

3.1.2.1 The thickness shall be determined by the plating thickness gauge or following formula :

$$\text{Plating Thickness} = \frac{(\text{Measurement After Plating}) - (\text{Initial Measurement Prior to Plating})}{2}$$

3.1.2.2 The minimum acceptable plating thickness shall be 0.008 mm.

3.1.2.3 A standard test coupon plated under similar condition will be provided by the plating vendor with each lot of plating as per clause 3.1.1.

### **4.0 ZINC PLATING APPLICATION PARAMETERS**

4.1 The following procedure lists the basic processing parameters (reference GROWEL technical data sheet).

4.1.1 The surface of part shall be machined & surface finish should be as per drawing or specification.



SECTION SES 26 – 731 B	FMC TECHNOLOGIES
ISSUE "A", REV "0"	Doc. No. REV "
EFF. DATE: 20.11.2009	Page 3 of 4

4.1.2 Visually inspect parts to verify that all dirt, grease, oxide, scale & pitting or dents is removed. If part is not properly cleaned, return to 4.1.1.

4.1.3 **Alkaline Zinc plating make up:-**

4.1.3.1 **a) Zincalite NCZ 106 Process:-**

4.1.3.3.1 Product: - Zincalite NCZ 106 Salt.

4.1.3.3.2 Concentration: 150 gm / liter.

4.1.3.3.3 Temperature: 25 – 28 °C

4.1.3.3.4 Soak Time: 15 to 45 minutes, depending upon size of load, temperature, and strength of bath.

4.1.3.2 **b) Brightener :-**

4.1.3.4.1 Product: - Envision Plus-AU 10 ml/liter.

4.1.3.4.2 Envision Plus-B 1 ml / liter.

4.1.3.4.3 Envision Plus-C 1 ml / liter

4.1.3.4.4 Vision Conditioner – 5 ml/liter.

4.1.4 **Operating Condition**

Temperature	25 – 28 ° C
Cathode C D	1 - 3 Amp / dm <sup>2</sup>
Anode C D	0.5 – 1.5 Amp / dm <sup>2</sup>
Agitation	Mild Air Agitation
Filtration	Required
Voltage for vat	3 - 6 Volts
Voltage for Barrel	10 - 12 Volts
Anode to Cathode Ratio	1:1 to 2:1

**4.1.5 Maintenance:** - Zinc metal content, caustic soda and sodium cyanide should be maintained as follows by analytical control.

Optimum	
Zinc Content as metal	8 - 12 gm / liter
Total Sodium Hydroxide	120 - 145 gm / liter
Envision Plus-AU	400 ml / 1000 A.H.
Envision Plus-B	100 ml / 1000 A.H.
Envision Plus-C	50 ml / 1000 A.H.
Vision Plus Conditioner	200 ml / 1000 A.H.

**4.1.6 Equipment:** - Mild steel tanks lined with plastic or hard rubber is suitable. Cooling arrangement is recommended for barrel plating tanks to maintain the temperature below 28 °C.

**4.1.7 Corrosion Resistance:** - Zinc coatings with types II, III, V and VI treatments shall show neither corrosion products of zinc nor basis metal corrosion products at the end of the test periods describe in the table when tested by continuous exposure to salt spray.

Type	Description	Min Salt Spray Hours
I	As plated without supplementary treatment	
II	With colored chromate coatings	96
II	With colorless chromate conversion coatings	12
IV	With phosphate conversion coatings	
V	With colorless passivate	72
VI	With colored passivate	120